FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Veterinarians Without Borders / Vétérinaires sans frontières

### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Veterinarians Without Borders / Vétérinaires sans frontières (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at March 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

### Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many registered charities, the Organization derives revenues from donations and fundraising activities, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization and we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to revenues, deficiency of revenues over expenses and to cash flows from operations for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, to current assets as at March 31, 2023 and 2022, and to net assets as at March 31, 2023 and 2022 and April 1, 2021. The audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

### Other Matter

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 were audited by another auditor who expressed a qualified opinion on those financial statements on December 1, 2022.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.







F 613 745-9584

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

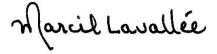
Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Ottawa, Ontario July 25, 2023

### STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Program (Note 3) In-kind donations Unrestricted fundraising	\$ 4,630,547 1,150,571 264,026	\$ 1,836,387 1,362,992 133,833
	6,045,144	3,333,212
EXPENSES		
Program expenses (Note 4) In-kind expenses (volunteer time) Fundraising expenses Management and general	4,158,588 1,150,571 93,309	1,556,561 1,362,992 77,746
Salaries and benefits Office expenses Professional fees and consulting Occupancy costs Software and equipment	379,427 99,068 86,373 59,028 23,770	163,848 135,365 37,029 24,671 5,884
· ·	6,050,134	3,364,096
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$ (4,990)	\$ (30,884)

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### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Ur	nrestricted	Emergency Response Fund	2023 Total	2022 Total
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	228,964	\$ -	\$ 228,964	\$ 259,848
Deficiency of revenues over expenses		(4,990)	-	(4,990)	(30,884)
Internal restriction (Note 9)		(50,000)	50,000		
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	173,974	\$ 50,000	\$ 223,974	\$ 228,964

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### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

MARCH 31, 2023 5

2023		2022
\$ 1,657,055 90,304 685,611 26,025	\$	1,627,605 225,355 434,910 29,338
2,458,995		2,317,208
3,704		-
\$ 2,462,699	\$	2,317,208
\$ 88,399 2,150,326	\$	52,037 2,036,207
2,238,725		2,088,244
173,974		228,964
50,000		-
223,974		228,964
\$ 2,462,699	\$	2,317,208
\$	\$ 1,657,055 90,304 685,611 26,025 2,458,995 3,704 \$ 2,462,699 \$ 88,399 2,150,326 2,238,725 173,974 50,000 223,974	\$ 1,657,055 \$ 90,304 685,611 26,025 2,458,995 3,704 \$ 2,462,699 \$ \$ \$ 88,399 \$ 2,150,326 2,238,725 \$ 173,974 50,000 223,974

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

\_\_\_\_, Director

Dr. Jarnife Geer Director

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### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

2023 2022 **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** Deficiency of revenues over expenses \$ (4,990)\$ (30,884)Adjustment for: Amortization of capital assets 1,234 (3,756)(30,884)Net change in non-cash items related to operating activities: Accounts receivable 135,051 (206,015)Advances to partners, without interest (250,701) (330,804)Prepaid expenses 3,313 (497)Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 36,362 7,332 Deferred grants and contributions 114,119 1,830,164 38,144 1,300,180 34,388 1,269,296 **INVESTING ACTIVITY** Acquisition of capital assets (4,938)**INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** 29,450 1,269,296 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR 1,627,605 358,309 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR \$ 1,657,055 \$ 1,627,605

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023 7

### 1. STATUTE AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The purpose of Veterinarians Without Borders / Vétérinaires sans frontières (the Organization) is to work for, and with, communities in need to foster the health of animals, people, and the environments that sustain us. The Organization works with governments, educational institutions, non-governmental organizations, local communities, farmers' groups, and international agencies, to tackle root-cause issues affecting public health, animal health, and ecosystem health in developing communities around the world.

The Organization is incorporated without share capital under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act. The Organization is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and, as such, is exempt from income taxes.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Organization applies the Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the amounts recognized as revenues and expenses for the periods covered. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

### Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for grants and contributions. Under this method, grants and contributions restricted for future period expenses are deferred and are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred and when the amount can be reasonably estimated and the collection is reasonably assured.

Unrestricted donations are recognized as revenue when received or receivable, provided that the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Interest and other income are recognized when earned.

### Contribution receivable

A contribution receivable is recognized as an asset when the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and ultimate collection is reasonably assured.

### Contributed services

Contributed materials and services which are used in the normal course of operations and would otherwise have been purchased are recorded at their fair value at the date of the contribution if fair value can be reasonably estimated.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Cash and cash equivalents

The Organization's policy is to present bank balances, including bank indebtedness with balances that can fluctuate from being positive to overdrawn, under cash and cash equivalents.

### Capital assets

Capital assets are accounted for at cost. Amortization is calculated on their respective estimated useful life using the diminishing balance method at the following rates:

Computer equipment 50%

### Write-down of capital assets

When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Organization's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to residual value, if any. The excess of its net carrying amount over any residual value is recognized as an expense in the statement of operations.

### Financial instruments

Initial measurement

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in arm's length transactions at fair value. Financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in related party transactions, except for those that involve parties whose sole relationship with the Organization is in the capacity of management, are initially measured at cost.

Subsequent measurement

The Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and liabilities at cost or amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable and advances to partners.

Impairment

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Organization determines whether there are indications of possible impairment. When there are, and the Organization determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows, a write-down is recognized in operations. If the indicators of impairment have decreased or no longer exist, the previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement. The carrying amount of the financial asset may not be greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in operations.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Translation of foreign currency transactions and items

The Organization uses the temporal method to translate its foreign currency transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the statement of financial position date. Other assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the transaction date. Revenues and expenses are translated at the average rate for the year. Exchange gains and losses are included in the statement of operations.

### 3. PROGRAM REVENUES

	2023	2022
Grants and contributions		
Government grants Corporate, foundation and other grants	\$ 1,743,730 2,398,481	\$ 1,658,154 177,862
Donations Other	4,142,211 485,489 2,847	1,836,016 97 274
	\$ 4,630,547	\$ 1,836,387

### 4. PROGRAM EXPENSES

	2023	2022
Salaries and benefits	\$ 1,724,997	\$ 421,099
Travel costs	673,502	295,874
Goods, materials and supplies	628,642	115,090
Other project costs	388,094	154,639
Volunteer expenses	289,861	378,614
Direct administrative costs	151,490	20,725
Training	142,133	112,492
Professional fees and consulting	138,076	58,028
Grants and bursaries	21,793	
	\$ 4,158,588	\$ 1,556,561

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023

### 5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2023	2022
Trade accounts HST receivable	\$ 44,496 45,808	\$ 205,520 19,835
	\$ 90,304	\$ 225,355

### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

			2023	2022
		Accumulated	Net	Net
	Cost	amortization	book value	book value
Computer equipment	\$ 4,938	\$ 1,234	\$ 3,704	\$ <u>-</u>

The amortization expense for the year is \$1,234 (2022: \$Nil).

### 7. BANK LOAN

The Organization has an authorized line of credit of \$50,000, bearing interest at prime lending rate plus 2.5%. The line of credit is secured by a general security agreement over all assets of the Organization. As at March 31, 2023, the line of credit was unused.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023

## 8. DEFERRED GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS

						2023	3							
						Northern								2022
		AGROW		VETS		programs		Ukraine		Other		Tota		Total
Balance beginning of year	₩	225,304	₩.	116,928	<del>\$</del>	503,887	₩.	933,180	<del>\$</del>	256,908	₩	2,036,207	↔	206,043
Government grants received during the year		786,981		1,305,376		•		•		•		2,092,357		1,836,997
Government grants recognized during the year		(380,440)		(1,194,066)		•		•		(169,224)		(1,743,730)		(1,658,154)
Corporate, foundation and other grants received during the year				• •		784,069		1,122,542		257,362		2,163,973		1,829,183
Corporate, foundation and other grants recognized during the year		•				(626,977)		(1,711,602)		(59,902)		(2,398,481)		(177,862)
Balance, end of year	<del>\$</del>	631,845	ક્ક	228,238	\$	660,979	ક્ર	344,120	\$	285,144	<b>⇔</b>	2,150,326	↔	2,036,207

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023

### 9. INTERNAL RESTRICTION

### **Emergency Response Fund**

The Emergency Response Fund was created with the purpose to respond to disasters that have impacted or are anticipating to impact animal and/or human health and/or human livelihoods. The Organization may not use these funds without the prior consent of the Board of Directors. During the year, the Board of Directors approved a transfer in the amount of \$50,000 from the Unrestricted Fund to the Emergency Response Fund.

### 10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial asset will cause a financial loss for the Organization by failing to discharge an obligation. The Organization's credit risk is mainly related to accounts receivable.

The Organization provides credit to various third parties in the normal course of its operations. It carries out, on a continuing basis, credit checks on its clients and maintains provisions for contingent credit losses which, once they materialize, are consistent with management's forecasts. There is no existing account receivable that represents a substantial risk for the Organization.

### **Currency risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

As at March 31, 2023, assets include cash and accounts receivable of \$616,141 and \$27,433 in U.S. dollars respectively (2022: \$34,828 and \$Nil) which have been converted into Canadian dollars.

### 11. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The commitments of the Organization under lease agreements aggregate to \$161,436. The instalments over the next three years are the following:

2024	\$ 56,779
2025	\$ 58,134
2026	\$ 46.523

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023

### 12. CONTINGENCIES

### Other indemnification agreements

In the normal course of operations, the Organization signs agreements whereby funds are provided for the execution of projects which are subject to restrictions as to the use of the funds. The sponsors of these projects can execute an audit of the financial records of the Organization to ensure compliance with the project requirements. In the event that amounts to be reimbursed to the sponsor of a project are identified, the necessary adjustments will be recognized in the year they are identified.

### 13. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain figures for 2022 have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in 2023.